

User's Manual
Of
Advantech RISC SOM-A2552 Series Module

**System Module with Intel XScale PXA255 processor, SMI SM501
Graphic chip with Windows® CE.NET**

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<http://www.advantech.com/risc>



ABSTRACT

This manual describes the SOM-A2552 series module functions.

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Revision History

Version	Date	Reason
V1.00	2004.05.19	1 st Official released version. (For 9696255201, 9696255801, 9696255F01 & 9696255F12)

Chapter 1 SOM-A2552 series Architecture

1.1 Introduction

The SOM-A2552 is WinCE ready, compact size module platform with SBC-function-level functionality that is emphasis at high performance VGA capability that offers Ultra low power consumption with SXGA LCD, Dual Display, Analogy VGA in/out put, Audio Interface into a compact 68x68x6.8mm size module.

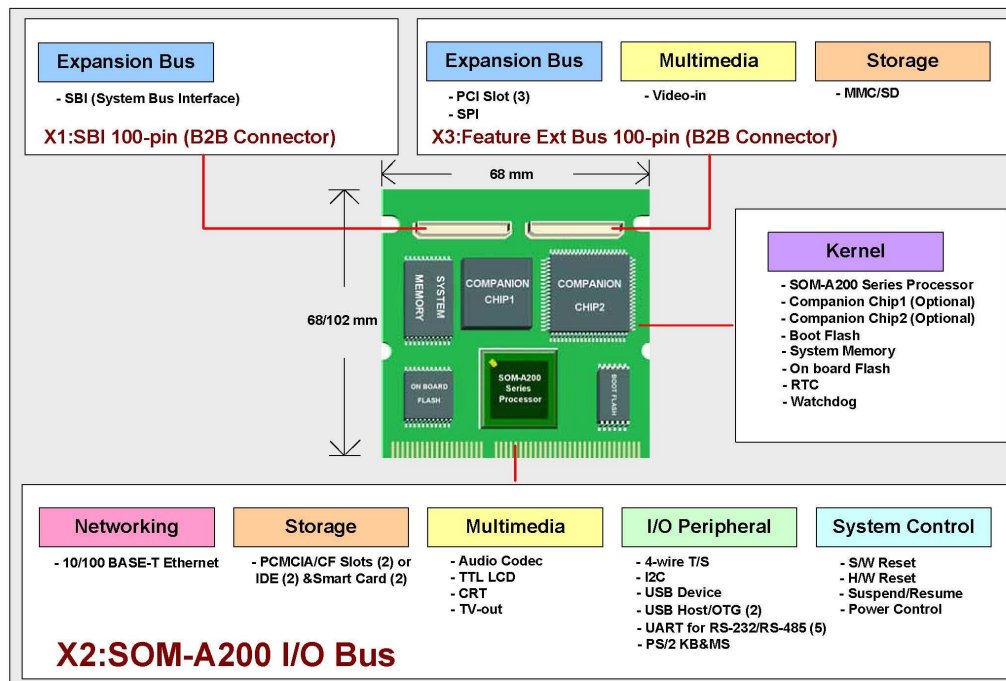
By the integration of Intel PXA-255 32-bit SoC and SMI SM-501 VGA controller, SOM-A2552 is perfect for Multimedia, mobility, battery powered, great heavy display base embedded Internet appliance or so called smart embedded devices.

SOM-A2552 series Design highlight:

- WinCE.NET-ready platform as functional system engine
- SoC Intel XScale PXA255 & Companion Graphic Chip SMI SM501 provide complete SBC functionality & high performance Graphic function in a module
- Pre-define I/O Ready bus thru SODIMM-200 interface
- Design-in package: Reference kit with full design-in documentation
- Advantech RISC WinCE builder offers friendly application migration interface
- Low profit 68x68mm

SOM-A200 architecture

SOM-A255x series are based on Advantech SOM-A200 architecture to design. SOM-A200 is Advantech RISC ultra-low power series SOM architecture. The following block diagram is the SOM-A200 architecture.



Based on SOM-A200 architecture to design, SOM-A255x series have two kinds of PCB form factors.

- SOM-A2552 & SOM-A2558 series: 68mm x 68mm x 6.8mm
- SOM-A255F series: 68mm x 102mm x 6.8mm

SOM-A2552 benefit

The SOM-A2552 series are very compact (68mm x 68mm x 6.8mm) and highly integrated system module. SOM-A2552 series products have a standardized form factor and standardized connectors (DDR-SODIMM Memory Connector and two 100-pin board-to-board connectors) that carry a specified set of signals. This standardization allows users to create application-specified User Solution Board (**CSB**) which can accept a variety of present and future SOM-A200 series modules.

SOM-A2552 series include popular & common peripheral functions such as serial ports, USB, etc. The CSB designer can optimize exactly how each of these functions is physically implemented. Connectors can be placed precisely where they are needed for the application, on a baseboard designed to optimally fit the system configuration and layout.

A CSB design may be used with a range of SOM-A2552 modules. This flexibility can be used to differentiate products at various price/ performance points, or to design "future proof" systems that have a built-in upgrade path. The modularity of an SOM-A2552 solution also insures against obsolescence as computer technology continues to evolve. A properly designed SOM-A2552 CSB can be used with several successive generations of SOM-A2552 modules. An SOM-A2552 CSB design thus has many of the advantages of a custom computer board design, but delivers better obsolescence protection, greatly reduced engineering effort, and faster time to market.

Based embedded platform integrates both **low-level hardware and software** design and is always agreed to require heavy R&D resources, huge development effort, risk as well as long time to market lead-time. Moreover, the fast develop RISC SoC technology and short product life that has been challenging System Integrators how to make a right product development approach while foreseeing the huge advantage & benefit by adopting RISC-base solution.

SOM-A2552 series are an innovate platform architecture of WinCE.NET-**ready complete functional system** in a low profit module with SODIMM **200-pin unified I/O ready bus** interface that is designed to fit into application-specified User Solution Board (**CSB**) with easy, risk-less, robust, fast implementation approach. Dual expansion interface and Pre-select Embedded OS also are well integrated on module. OS Board Support Package (**BSP**) and advantech own-develop system utility & tools are also supported for an **easy design-in** business philosophy.

SOM-A2552 series is designed for

- Wireless broadband terminals: Wireless access to video/TV/DVD/PVR, wireless access to broadband connection, digital picture viewer, remote access to Internet/email, remote control of AV functions

- Smart display devices: Kiosks, small DTV, thin client, high end mobile consumer devices, videoconferencing
- Mobile, battery-powered device platforms with large display demand
- Vehicle computing/telemetric platforms for navigation/entertainment demands
- Multimedia terminal device platforms with large display
- Security surveillance platforms with digital or analog video input/output

SOM-A2552 series design-in package

The Design-in Kit package provides developer complete reference design-in suit for **application evaluation/ development** and own **Customer Solution Board (CSB)** development. It contains the needed information, documentation and tools for starting their hands-on work as the followings items:

- **Target SOM (SOM-A2552-440B0):** SOM-A2552 standard version board.
SOM-A255x series Reference Carrier Board (RCB): Sample CSB for developer reference. The board can be used in SOM-A255x series board. (SOM-A255x means SOM-A2552, SOM-A2558 and SOM-A2552)
- **64MB compact flash card :** the CF card is empty without any file inside.
- **SOM-A255x series support CD :** includes
 - sample image & boot loader
 - manuals & datasheets
 - SOM-A255x series CSB design guide
 - S/W utility(upgrade utility, testing utility)
 - SOM-A255x series WinCE 4.2 BSP & SDK
 - Application note
- **Testing Set:**
 It is designed for sample CSB or user own CSB/mass production test. It includes:
 - **H/W testing tools:** RS232 loop-back testing tool, ADAM-4520 for RS485 testing, null MODEM cable, JTAG cable, USB ActiveSync cable, Audio cable, RS232 cable and RS485 cable.
 - **S/W testing Utility:** Advantech-developed testing Utility. Testing process will be implemented by S/W testing Utility and H/W testing tools.
 - **Document:** "User's manual of SOM-A255x series testing kit".
 User can base on the documents to know how to implement testing process.
- **Software Development Tools:**
 Software tools is the complete package for user developed their target image to align with their target CSB and applications
 - **BSP:** Binary Board Support Package of target SOM Design-in Kit. User can integrate their target WinCE platform in components & Apps & drivers
 - **SDK:** For user target Apps development

- **Reference Image:** Reference Image for the selected model of SOM.
- **Bootloader:** Bootloader for the SOM-A255x series board.
- **Upgrade Utility:** User can use Upgrade utility to upgrade boot logo, image & bootloader.

Except the Design-in package, Advantech also supply many types of LCD kits for users to reduce their developing effort. The LCD kit include the following items :

- LCD
- Inverter
- Cables: includes LCD signals cable, Inverter signals cable.
- Document: The LCD kit installation guide.

Advantech supply the following LCD kits for user to choose

- **LCD-A057-STQ1-0 (Optional item)**
5.7" STN QVGA LCD kit. The kit includes 5.7" STN QVGA LCD (NAN-YA/ LCBFBTB61M23), 4-wires resistive T/S, inverter, cables and installation guide. SOM-A2552 & SOM-A255F series don't support 320*240 STN panel in this moment, if user have this kind of requirement, please contact with ae.risc@advantech.com.tw or advantech regional sales for further support.
- **LCD-A064-TTV1-0 (Optional item)**
6.4" TFT VGA LCD kit. The kit includes 6.4" TFT VGA LCD kit(PRIMEVIEW PD064VT2), 4-wires resistive T/S, inverter, cables and installation guide. All SOM-A255x series support this LCD kit in reference image.
- **LCD-A104-TTS1-0 (Optional item)**
10.4" TFT SVGA LCD kit. The kit includes 10.4" TFT SVGA LCD (AUO/ G104SN03v2), 4-wires resistive T/S, inverter, cables and installation guide. Only SOM-A255F & SOM-A2552 series can support this LCD-out mode.
- **LCD-A150-TTX2-0 (Optional item)**
15" TFT XGA LCD kit. The kit includes 15" TFT XGA LCD (AUO/ M150XN07), 4-wires resistive T/S, inverter, cables and installation guide. Only SOM-A255F & SOM-A2552 series can support this LCD-out mode.

SOM-A2552 series design-in kit(SOM-ADK2552-B00) is not included any LCD kit. If user needs LCD kit to evaluate, please order your suitable size LCD kit.

Risc CE-Builder

SOM-A255x series all support the Advantech optional RISC CE-Builder by which developers can manage the BSP for their own platform development thru a friendly users interface over the web.

RISC CE-Builder Solution is constituted by two parts: **Web Image Builder** and **CE-TUner**.

Web Image Builder offers developers an online image building mechanism through a friendly user interface to remotely conduct low-level

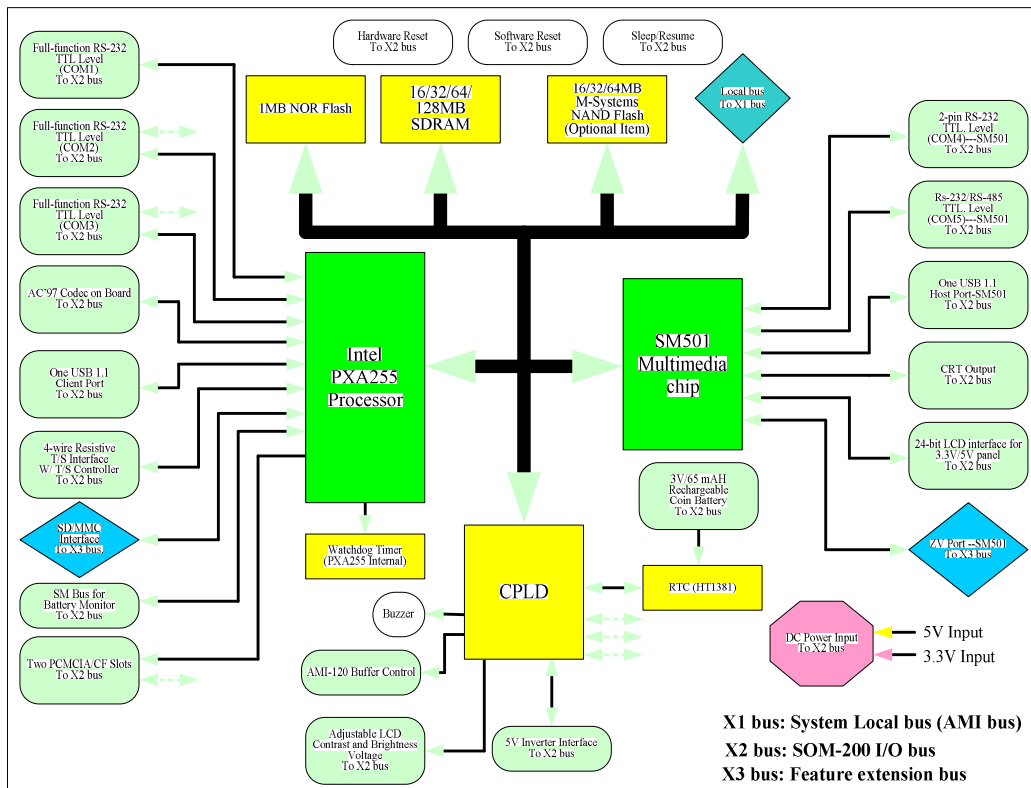
software and platform customization / integration for their target application without knowing / using Microsoft Platform Builder. The image building machine links to Advantech's Board Support Package (BSP) library so developers can leverage Advantech's low-level software solution database.

CE-Tuner is a powerful value-added system utility / tool suit for developers easily and simply develop, validate and upgrade their own SW platform solution. CE-Tuner helps users fine-tune their target SW image for optimized performance, verify settings, and platform tests before the production image is certified.

RISC CE-Builder is not included in Design-in kit. If you need more information about it, please contact with ae.risc@advanch.com.tw or advantech regional sales for further support.

1.12 SOM-A2552 Block diagram

SOM-A2552 series bases on Dual-Chips design concept, SoC Intel XScale PXA255 & Graphic chip SMI SM501. The Block diagram is as following:



SoC Intel XScale PXA255 introduction

Intel XScale PXA255 processor is continuing the advance in handheld multimedia functionality.

PXA255 is Low power, high performance 32-bit Intel XScale® core-based CPU (200, 300 and 400 MHz). The SoC is ARM Architecture v.5TE compliant. 0.18μ process for high core speeds at low power.

Intel® Media Processing Technology including 40-bit accumulator and 16-bit SIMD to enhance audio/video decode performance.

In power field, Low Power and Turbo modes enables enhanced optimal battery life. 32 KB data and 32 KB instruction caches, 2 KB Mini data cache for streaming data.

About PXA255 I/O expansion function, Integrated Memory and PCMCIA/Compact Flash Controller with 100 MHz Memory Bus, 16-bit or 32-bit ROM/Flash/SRAM (six banks), 16-bit or 32-bit SDRAM, SMROM (four banks), as well as PCMCIA and Compact Flash for added functionality and expandability. System Control Module includes 17 dedicated general-purpose interruptible I/O ports, real-time clock, watchdog and interval timers, power management controller, interrupt controller, reset controller, and two on-chip oscillators.

Peripheral Control Module offers 16 channel configurable DMA controller, integrated LCD controller with unique DMA for fast color screen support, Bluetooth** I/F, serial ports including IrDA, I2C, I2S, AC97, three UARTs(1 Full H/W flow control), SPI and enhanced SSP, USB end point interface, and MMC/SD Card Support for expandable memory and I/O functionality.

About Intel PXA255 SoC detail information, user could visit Intel web site for more.

Enhance Graphic Chip SMI SM501 introduction

The SM501 is a **Mobile System-on-a-Chip (MSOC™)** device. This robust device delivers high-performance video and 2D operation, providing a solution for embedded mADKets. The SM501 also contains a wide variety of I/Os, such as analog RGB and digital LCD Panel interfaces, an 8-bit parallel interface, USB, UART, IrDA, Zoom Video, AC97 or I2S, SSP, PWM, and I2C interfaces. These built-in functionalities help to reduce overall system cost. Additional programmable GPIO bits can be used to interface to external devices as well.

About SMI SM501 display chip detail information, user could visit SMI web site for more.

System Memory

SOM-A2552 SDRAM can be configured as 4/8/16/32/64/128/256MB. Users can base on their requirement to reconfigure the SDRAM size.

There are two functions Flash on SOM-A2552 series. One is Boot Flash, the other is Storage Flash.

Boot Flash is 1MB NOR flash. In standard SOM-A2552 series product, Advantech will pre-install the WinCE bootloader in it.

Storage Flash is used to save image & user APs. Storage Flash size is also reconfigurable. The Storage Flash is M-system Flash. Storage Flash size could be 0/16/32/64 MB. SOM-A2552 series have Multiple boot options through the on-board Flash or Compact Flash Card (CFC) for easy maintain and cost saving. If Storage Flash is 0MB that means user should put the image in Compact Flash Card.

CPLD

SOM-A2552 series have one CPLD on board. The CPLD take charges of the following function:

- System memory assignments
- I/O control
- RTC control

Base on Advantech policy, Advantech won't release the CPLD code to user. In fact, when user designs their own target carrier board, they don't need to know the CPLD code. Advantech will release memory map of available memory block and available GPIOs. These are fully enough to users to develop their own carrier board.

1.2 System Specifications

The following table is SOM-A2552 series functional specifications.

SOM-A2552 standard product specification table

Func. / Model Name	SOM-A2552-440B0	Reconfiguration Option
CPU	PXA255-400MHz	200/300/400 MHz
Graphic Chip	SMI SM501 with 8MB embedded SDRAM	SM501 with /without 8MB embedded SDRAM
System Memory(SDRAM)	64MB	16/32/64/128 MB
Booting Flash	1MB NOR Flash	-
On-board Flash (Image & Storage)	0MB	0/16/32/64MB
OS Image Storage	WinCE.NET	Linux(By customer request)
AMI Bus(X1 Bus)	100-pin B2B connector with driving buffers	Yes
Feature Extension Bus(X2 Bus)	100-pin B2B connector (Provide ZV & SD/MMC I/F)	Yes
Watch Dog	PXA255 internal	-
RTC	External RTC w/backup power pin	Yes
System Backup battery	RTC/SDRAM	-
Serial Port	3x Full RS-232 (TTL), 1x 2-wires RS-232 (TTL),1x 3-wires RS-232/RS-485	-
PCMCIA/Compact flash I/F	2 slots PCMCIA/CF or 1xPCMCIA, 1xCF	-
USB Host	1x USB 1.1 Host	-
USB Client	1x USB Client	-
SD/MMC	1x Ch(Support Memory mode)	-
CRT-out	Up to 1280*1024	-
TV Interface	TV out	-
ZV port	Yes	-
LCD TTL Interface	SM501 24 bit LCD interface, resolution up to 1280*1024	-
Touch Screen Interface	4-wire resistive	Yes

Audio Codec	AC'97 codec on board, support Microphone-in, Line-in, Line-out Speaker-out	Yes
Buzzer control	Yes	-
SM Bus Interface	Yes	-
System Reset	H/W Reset, S/W Reset, Suspend/Wake Up I/F	-
Power input	3.3V/5V	-
Operating temperature	0~60	Optional for -10~60 & -20~80
Operating humidity	0%~90% relative humidity	-
Certification	FCC/CE	-
Form factor	68mm*68mm*6.8mm	-

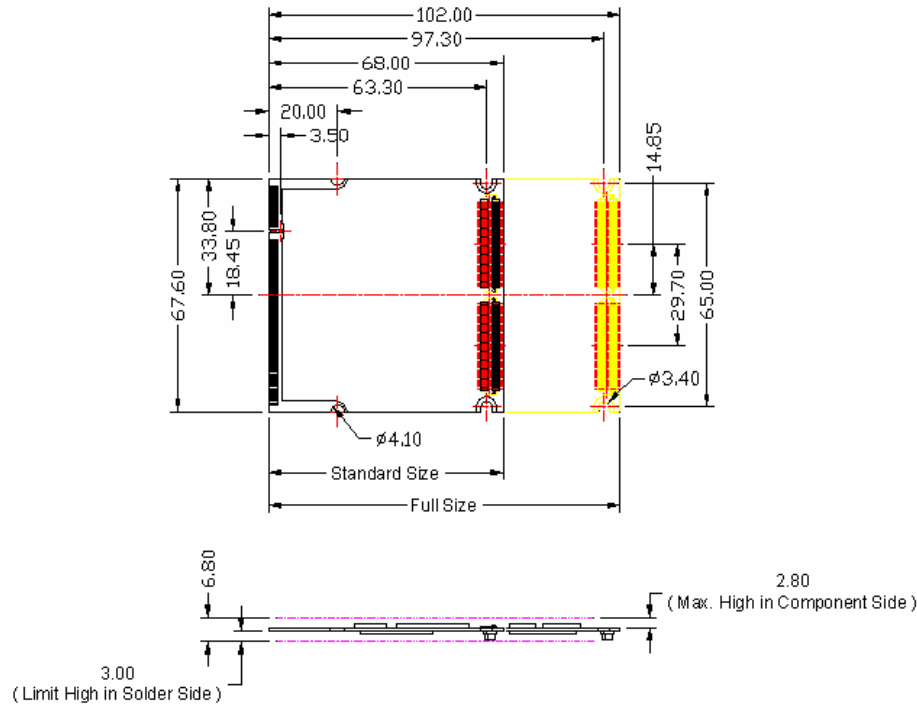
Ps.. "Reconfiguration Option" column provide users many choices. "- means no option. If standard product SOM-A2552-440B0's spec. doesn't fit user's requirement, user could contact with Advantech for SOM-A2552 reconfiguration.

* Advantech SOM-A255x series have wide temperature products. About detail product information, user could visit website <http://www.advantech.com.tw/epc/phoenix/> . User also could contact with ae.risc@advantech.com.tw or advantech regional sales for further information.

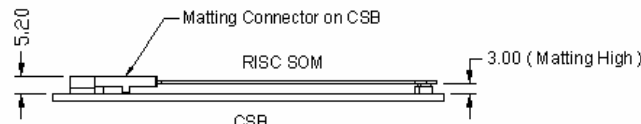
SOM-A2552-440B0 is off-the-shelf standard product. Advantech welcome SOM-A2552 re-configuration demand. Users could base on the column of SOM-A2552 spec. to re-configure userized SOM-A2552. "Reconfiguration Option" column provide users many choices. "- means no option. If standard product SOM-A2552-440B0's spec. doesn't fit user's requirement, user could contact with Advantech for SOM-A2552 reconfiguration.

1.2.1 Mechanical Specification

Following figure shows the mechanical drawing of SOM-A2552 series.



SOM Board Dimension



Board Matting Dimension

Units:mm

The above figure shows the SOM-A2552 mechanical drawing. Users could follow the above figure to implement the layout procedure.

1st drawing shows the SOM-A2552 module PCB mechanical data. When users enter the layout procedure, user could follow the 1st drawing to place the connector. SOM-A2552 series PCB form factor is 68mm*68mm*68mm.

The 2nd drawing shows the PCB thickness limitation. The component side height is 2.8mm, and the solder side maximum height is 3.00mm and the PCB thickness is 1.00mm.

The 3rd drawing shows allied mechanical data of SOM-A2552 series board and CSB. Users could see that the matting height is 3.00mm and the solder side maximum height of SOM-A2552 is also 3.00mm. So, **Advantech don't suggest users to place any components between SOM module and CSB in layout stage. It could be short!**

Most users will question the height of SOM structure product. Does product be too thick based on SOM structure product? User could see the answer in the 3rd mechanical drawing. Maximum height of SOM module allied with CSB is 5.20mm. One port USB 1.1 host connector height is 8.37mm, 1 DB-9 RS-232 connector is 12.53mm, 1 type-II CF slot is 8.72mm. So, this is the answer! If users want to use any standard I/O connector on CSB, then SOM structure is not the maximum height maker. The maximum highness is decided by I/O connector, not SOM structure.

1.2.2 Power System Requirement

SOM-A2552 Operating DC value table

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.
SYS_VCC3P3	SOM system DC 3.3V DC-in power source	3	3.3	3.6
SYS_VCC	SOM system DC 5.0V DC-in power source	4.5	5.5	5.5
BAT_VCC	Back-up power source for RTC & SDRAM	-		SYS_VC C3P3
Input DC Operating Conditions				
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage, all standard input and I/O pins	0.8*VCC		VCC
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage, all standard input and I/O pins	VSS		0.2*VCC
Output DC Operating Conditions				
V _{OH}	Output High Voltage, all standard output and I/O pins	VCC-0.1		VCC
V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage, all standard output and I/O pins	VSS		VSS+0.4

1.2.3 Power Consumption

In WinCE O.S. environment, SOM-A2552 series products have 3 kinds of operating model :

- Normal mode: I/O and system all work well. All component on SOM-A55x are powered.
- Idle mode: I/O and system all work well except backlight control circuit. In order to do power-saving, LCD backlight control circuit will disable the LCD backlight inverter.
- Suspend mode: all devices are no-powered except SDRAM, RTC(real time clock) & some CPU(PXA255) power pins. In suspend mode, SOM-A255x series are only powered by BAT_VCC pin (Li-ion 3.0V coin battery from CSB).If user doesn't design coin battery to power BAT_VCC pin, then Suspend mode doesn't work on SOM-A55x series products.

About detail power consumption of every SOM-A255x series, please contact with ae.risc@advantech.com.tw.

Chapter 2 Assignments and Descriptions

2.1 Connector Locations

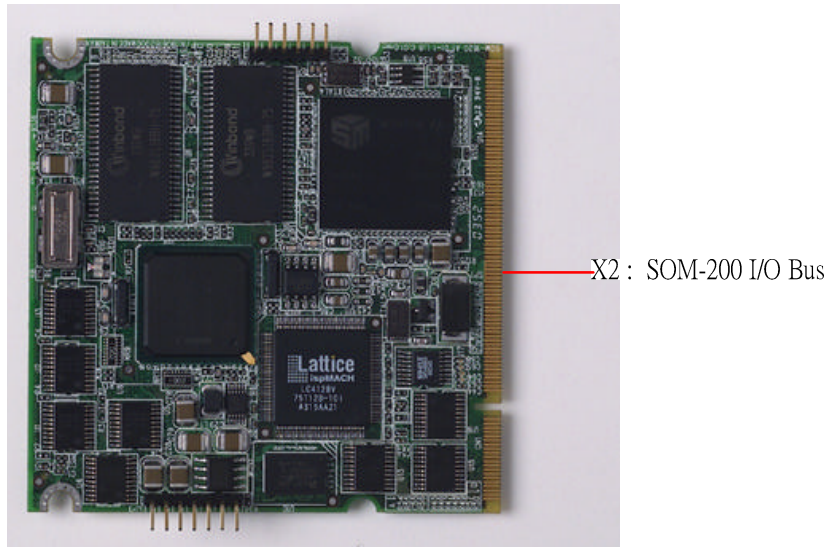


Figure SOM-A2552 series component side

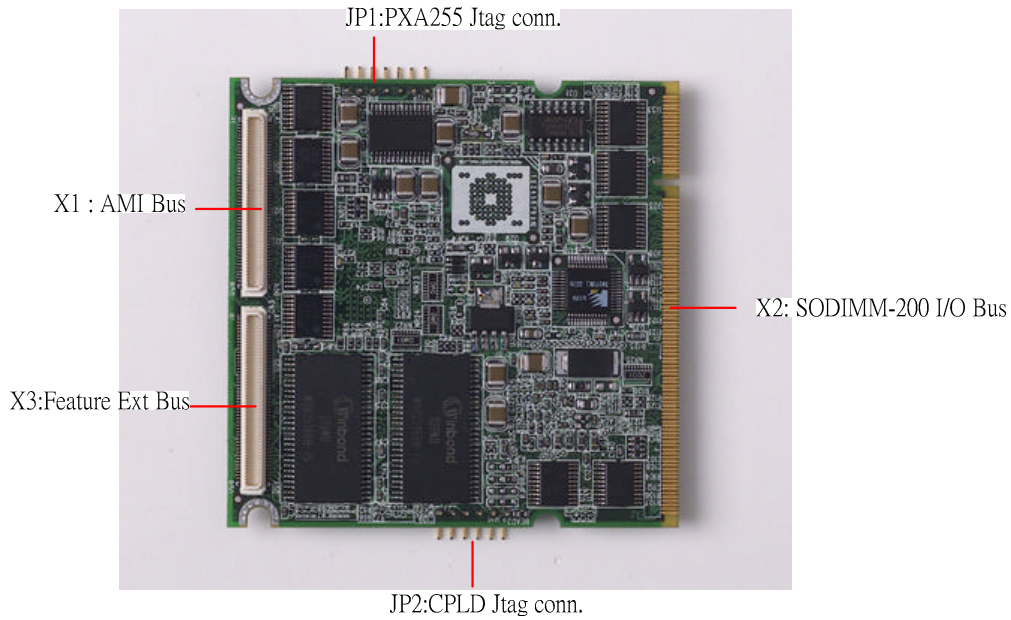


Figure SOM-A2552 series solder side

SOM Connector vendor table

Connector	vendor	PN
AMI bus (X1)	Matsushita electric works, LTD.	AXK600335

SOM-R200 (X2)	Standard Golden finger 200-pin	-
Feature extension bus (X3)	Matsushita electric works, LTD.	AXK600335
JP1	PXA255 JTAG pin header	-
JP2	SOM CPLD JTAG port	-

PS.JP1 & JP2 are 2.00 mm 6*1 pin-headers.

CSB Mating Connector table

Connector	vendor	PN
AMI bus (X1)	Matsushita electric works, LTD.	AXK500135
SODIMM-200 (X2)	QUASAR SYSTEM INC.	CA0075-200N31
Feature extension bus (X3)	Matsushita electric works, LTD.	AXK500135

Advantech RISC SOM-A200 ultra low power series (SOM-A2552, SOM-A2558 and SOM-A255F) all follow the same pin definition in X1, X2 and X3. So, users could design their own CSB to be compatible with all advantech RISC ultra low power series SOM easily. In this way, users' CSB will be powerful upgrade capability & option choice.

X1: AMI bus

AMI bus connector is PXA255 ARM bus. It includes complete system address lines, data lines, GPIOs (for interrupt source) and Chip select pins (nCS). Users could use this bus to extend any other IC controller on CSB to implement the function which SOM modules not provide. In order to keep the system bus signals well, every address lines and data lines are driven by buffers. Buffers' signals direction controls are implemented by CPLD.

X2: SODIMM-200 connector

Most I/O functions fog in X2. X2 includes PCMCIA/CF, T/S, Audio, system reset control, SOM system power input pins, I2C, USB host, USB client, RS-232 ports, RS-485 port, LCD out, CRT out and PS/2 ports. Every I/O functions will be described in the following content in detail.

X3: Feature Extension connector

Advantech SOM-A series products use dual-chip or triple-chip design concepts. The companion chip's I/O function will come out through the X3. In SOM-A255F series, SD/MMC & ZV (zoom video) I/F are included in X3.

ADVANTECH SOM-A200 is a powerful and helpful architecture for users to implement a RISC system. There are three types of interfaces. One is SO-DIMM 200 gold finger interface and two 100-pin B2B connectors.

Pin Definition

! JP1 PXA255 JTAG pin header

Pin Num.	Description	Note
1	TCK	
2	TDI	
3	TDO	
4	TMS	
5	nJTAGTRST	
6	GND	
7	nRESET	

Pin type

P : DC power pin or system ground pin

I : digital input pin

O : digital output pin

IO : bidirectional pin

AI : analog input pin

AO : analog output pin

- : no function

! SODIMM-200 Pin Out Table (X2)

Pin No.	Signals	Type	Description	Default state
1	SA_SKT_D0	AIO	PCMCIA/CF data 0	No pulling
2	SA_SKT_D8	IO	PCMCIA/CF data 8	No pulling
3	SA_SKT_D1	IO	PCMCIA/CF data 1	No pulling
4	SA_SKT_D9	IO	PCMCIA/CF data 9	No pulling
5	SA_SKT_D2	IO	PCMCIA/CF data 2	No pulling
6	SA_SKT_D10	IO	PCMCIA/CF data 10	No pulling
7	SA_SKT_D3	IO	PCMCIA/CF data 3	No pulling
8	SA_SKT_D11	IO	PCMCIA/CF data 11	No pulling
9	SA_SKT_D4	IO	PCMCIA/CF data 4	No pulling
10	SA_SKT_D12	IO	PCMCIA/CF data 12	No pulling
11	SA_SKT_D5	IO	PCMCIA/CF data 5	No pulling
12	SA_SKT_D13	IO	PCMCIA/CF data 13	No pulling
13	SA_SKT_D6	IO	PCMCIA/CF data 6	No pulling
14	SA_SKT_D14	IO	PCMCIA/CF data 14	No pulling
15	SA_SKT_D7	IO	PCMCIA/CF data 7	No pulling
16	SA_SKT_D15	IO	PCMCIA/CF data 15	No pulling
17	SA_SKT_A14	IO	PCMCIA/CF address 14	No pulling
18	SA_SKT_A15	IO	PCMCIA/CF address 15	No pulling
19	SA_SKT_A12	IO	PCMCIA/CF address 12	No pulling
20	SA_SKT_A13	IO	PCMCIA/CF address 13	No pulling
21	SA_SKT_A10	IO	PCMCIA/CF address 10	No pulling
22	SA_SKT_A11	IO	PCMCIA/CF address 11	No pulling
23	SA_SKT_A8	IO	PCMCIA/CF address 8	No pulling

24	SA_SKT_A9	IO	PCMCIA/CF address 9	No pulling
25	SA_SKT_A6	IO	PCMCIA/CF address 6	No pulling
26	SA_SKT_A7	IO	PCMCIA/CF address 7	No pulling
27	SA_SKT_A4	IO	PCMCIA/CF address 4	No pulling
28	SA_SKT_A5	IO	PCMCIA/CF address 5	No pulling
29	SA_SKT_A2	IO	PCMCIA/CF address 2	No pulling
30	SA_SKT_A3	IO	PCMCIA/CF address 3	No pulling
31	SA_SKT_A0	IO	PCMCIA/CF address 0	No pulling
32	SA_SKT_A1	IO	PCMCIA/CF address 1	No pulling
33	SA_SKT_A16	IO	PCMCIA/CF address 16	No pulling
34	SA_SKT_A17	IO	PCMCIA/CF address 17	No pulling
35	SA_SKT_A18	IO	PCMCIA/CF address 18	No pulling
36	SA_SKT_A19	IO	PCMCIA/CF address 19	No pulling
37	SA_SKT_A20	IO	PCMCIA/CF address 20	No pulling
38	SA_SKT_A21	IO	PCMCIA/CF address 21	No pulling
39	SA_SKT_A22	IO	PCMCIA/CF address 22	No pulling
40	nSA_SKT_IOR	O	PCMCIA I/O read. Performs read transactions from PCMCIA I/O space.	No pulling
41	SA_SKT_A24	IO	PCMCIA/CF address 24	No pulling
42	XP	AI	4-wires resistive touch screen signals: X+ Position Input.	No pulling
43	nSA_SKT_WE	O	PCMCIA write enable. (output) Performs writes to PCMCIA memory and to PCMCIA attribute space. Also used as the write enable signal for Variable Latency I/O.	No pulling
44	YP	AI	4-wires resistive touch screen signals: Y+ Position Input.	No pulling
45	nSA_SKT_IOW	O	PCMCIA I/O write signal. (output) Performs write transactions to PCMCIA I/O space.	No pulling
46	XN	AI	4-wires resistive touch screen signals: X- Position Input	No pulling
47	nSA_SKT_REG	O	PCMCIA Register select. (output) Indicates that the target address on a memory transaction is attribute space. Has the same timing as the address bus.	No pulling
48	YN	AI	4-wires resistive touch screen signals: Y- Position Input	No pulling
49	SA_SKT_A23	IO	PCMCIA/CF address 23	No pulling
50	GND	P	Ground	-
51	SA_SKT_A25	IO	PCMCIA/CF address 25	No pulling
52	AC97_EAPD	O	External audio Amplifier power down control	No pulling
53	nSA_SKT_OE	O	PCMCIA output enable. (output) Reads from PCMCIA memory and	No pulling

			to PCMCIA attribute space.	
54	LINEOUT_R	AO	Audio line-Out right channel	-
55	nSA_SKT1_CD 1	I	PCMCIA/CF slot 0 card detect pin	No pulling
56	LINEOUT_L	AO	Audio line-Out left channel	-
57	nSA_SKT0_CD 1	I	PCMCIA/CF slot 1 card detect pin 1.	No pulling
58	AC97_LINEIN_ R	AI	Audio line input right channel.	-
59	nSA_SKT1_CE 1	O	PCMCIA/CF slot 0 card enable pin 1.	No pulling
60	AC97_LINEIN_ L	AI	Audio line input left channel.	-
61	nSA_SKT0_CE 1	O	PCMCIA/CF slot 0 card enable pin 1.	No pulling
62	MIC_IN	AI	First Microphone input	-
63	nSA_SKT1_CE 2	O	PCMCIA/CF slot 1 card enable pin 2.	No pulling
64	GND	P	Ground	-
65	SA_SKT1_VCC	P	PCMCIA/CF slot 1 power pin	-
66	nSA_SKT0_VS 1	I	PCMCIA/CF slot 0 voltage sense pin 1.	Pull high with 10Kohm
67	nSA_SKT1_VS 1	I	PCMCIA/CF slot 1 voltage sense pin 1.	Pull high with 10Kohm
68	nSA_SKT0_CE 2	O	PCMCIA/CF slot 0 card enable pin 2.	No pulling
69	SA_SKT1_RDY	I	PCMCIA/CF slot 1 ready pin.	Pull high with 10Kohm
70	SA_SKT0_RDY	I	PCMCIA/CF slot 0 ready pin.	Pull high with 10Kohm
71	nSA_SKT0_VS 2	I	PCMCIA/CF slot 0 voltage sense pin 2.	Pull high with 10Kohm
72	nSA_SKT1_VS 2	I	PCMCIA/CF slot 1 voltage sense pin 2.	Pull high with 10Kohm
73	SA_SKT0_RST	O	PCMCIA/CF slot 0 reset pin.	Pull high with 10Kohm
74	SA_SKT1_RST	O	PCMCIA/CF slot 1 reset pin.	Pull high with 10Kohm
75	nSA_SKT0_W AIT	I	PCMCIA/CF slot 0 wait signals. Driven low by the PCMCIA card to extend the length of the transfers to/from the PXA255 processor.	Pull high with 10Kohm
76	nSA_SKT1_CD 2	I	PCMCIA/CF slot 1 card detect pin 2.	No pulling
77	nSA_SKT1_W AIT	I	PCMCIA/CF slot 1 wait signals. Driven low by the PCMCIA card to extend the length of the transfers to/from the PXA255 processor.	Pull high with 10Kohm
78	nSA_SKT0_CD	I	PCMCIA/CF slot 0 card detect pin	No pulling

	2		2.	
79	nSA_SKT0_IOI S16	I	IO Select 16. (input) Acknowledge from the PCMCIA card that the current address is a valid 16 bit wide I/O address.	Pull high with 10Kohm
80	SA_SKT0_VCC	P	PCMCIA/CF slot 0 power pin.	Powered
81	nSA_SKT1_IOI S16	I	PCMCIA/CF slot 0 IO Select 16. Acknowledge from the PCMCIA card that the current address is a valid 16 bit wide I/O address.	Pull high with 10Kohm
82	nSA_PWR_ON	I	System suspend/wakeup input pin. Falling edge triggered.	Pull high with 10Kohm
83	nBATT_FAULT	I	Main Battery Fault. Signals that main battery is low or removed. Assertion causes PXA255 processor to enter sleep mode or force an Imprecise Data Exception, which cannot be masked. PXA255 processor will not recognize a wakeup event while this signal is asserted. Minimum assertion time for nBATT_FAULT is 1 ms.	Pull high with 100Kohm
84	nSW_RESET	I	System software reset input pin. Falling edge triggered.	Pull high with 10Kohm
85	nVDD_FAULT	I	VDD Fault. Signals that the main power source is going out of regulation. nVDD_FAULT causes the PXA255 processor to enter sleep mode or force an Imprecise Data Exception, which cannot be masked. nVDD_FAULT is ignored after a wakeup event until the power supply timer completes (approximately 10 ms). Minimum assertion time for nVDD_FAULT is 1 ms.	Pull high with 100Kohm
86	nRESET_OUT	O	Reset Out. Asserted when nRESET is asserted and deasserts after nRESET is deasserted but before the first instruction fetch. nRESET_OUT is also asserted for "soft" reset events: sleep, watchdog reset, or GPIO reset.	No pulling
87	GND	P	Ground	-
88	PWR_EN	O	Power Enable for the power supply. (output) When negated, it signals the power supply to remove power to the core because the system is entering sleep mode.	Pull high with 100Kohm
89	BAT_VCC	P	3.0V li-ion coin battery positive	No pulling

			pole input pin.	
90	nRESET	I	System hardware reset input pin. Falling edge triggered. Hard reset. (input) Level sensitive input used to start the processor from a known address. Assertion causes the current instruction to terminate abnormally and causes a reset. When nRESET is driven high, the processor starts execution from address 0. nRESET must remain low until the power supply is stable and the internal 3.6864 MHz oscillator has stabilized.	Pull high with 10Kohm
91	nDC_IN	I	System DC input indicator pin. When the pin is low, it means system is powered by external DC power source. If user target device is not power by battery, use could use this pin as GPIO. The pin connects to SoC PXA255 GPIO16.	Pull low with 1Kohm
92	SYS_VCC	P	SOM system DC power 5V input pin. SYS_VCC should always be powered by DC 5V even in sleep mode.	-
93	SYS_VCC3P3	P	SOM system DC power 3.3V input pin. SYS_VCC should always be powered by DC 3.3V even in sleep mode.	-
94	SYS_VCC	P	SOM system DC power 5V input pin. SYS_VCC should always be powered by DC 5V even in sleep mode.	-
95	SYS_VCC3P3	P	SOM system DC power 3.3V input pin. SYS_VCC should always be powered by DC 3.3V even in sleep mode.	-
96	SMBUS_CLK	IO	System Management Bus clock pin. The pin is implemented by SoC PXA255 I2C bus.	Pull high with 4.7Kohm
97	SYS_VCC3P3	P	SOM system DC power 3.3V input pin. SYS_VCC should always be powered by DC 3.3V even in sleep mode.	-
98	SMBUS_DAT	IO	System Management Bus data pin. The pin is implemented by SoC PXA255 I2C bus.	Pull high with 4.7Kohm
99	SYS_VCC3P3	P	SOM system DC power 3.3V input pin. SYS_VCC should always be powered by DC 3.3V even in sleep	-

			mode.	
100	USB_CP	IO	USB Client Positive pin	No pulling
101	SYS_VCC3P3	P	SOM system DC power 3.3V input pin. SYS_VCC should always be powered by DC 3.3V even in sleep mode.	Powered
102	USB_CN	IO	USB Client Negative pin.	No pulling
103	SYS_VCC3P3	P	SOM system DC power 3.3V input pin. SYS_VCC should always be powered by DC 3.3V even in sleep mode.	-
104	BUZZER_OUT	O	Buzzer-out control signals. User can use the pin to control buzzer power pin.	No pulling
105	USB_LINK_5V	I	USB client link status indicator pin. When the pin is high, it means USB client port has been plugged-in USB device.	Pull low with 100Kohm
106	UART2_RTS	O	UART2 Request-to-Send signal pin. If user doesn't need UART2 function, user could use this pin as GPIO. The pin connects to SoC PXA255 GPIO45.	Pull high with 100Kohm
107	GND	P	Ground	-
108	UART2_DCD	I	UART2 data-Carrier-Detect signal pin.	Pull high with 100Kohm
109	UART3_DCD	I	UART3 data-Carrier-Detect signal pin.	Pull high with 100Kohm
110	UART2_DSR	I	UART2 Data-Set-Ready signal pin.	Pull high with 100Kohm
111	UART3_DSR	I	UART3 Data-Set-Ready signal pin.	Pull high with 100Kohm
112	UART2_TXD	O	UART2 Transmit signal pin. If user doesn't need UART2 function, user could use this pin as GPIO. The pin connects to SoC PXA255 GPIO43.	Pull high with 100Kohm
113	UART3_RXD	I	UART3 Receive signal pin. If user doesn't need UART3 function, user could use this pin as GPIO. The pin connects to SoC PXA255 GPIO46.	Pull high with 100Kohm
114	UART2_RXD	I	UART2 Receive signal pin. If user doesn't need UART2 function, user could use this pin as GPIO. The pin connects to SoC PXA255 GPIO42.	Pull high with 100Kohm
115	UART3_RTS	O	UART3 Request-to-Send signal pin.	Pull high with 100Kohm

116	UART2_CTS	I	UART2 Clear-to-Send signal pin. If user doesn't need UART2 function, user could use this pin as GPIO. The pin connects to SoC PXA255 GPIO44.	Pull high with 100Kohm
117	UART3_TXD	O	UART3 Transmit signal pin. If user doesn't need UART3 function, user could use this pin as GPIO. The pin connects to SoC PXA255 GPIO47.	Pull high with 100Kohm
118	UART2_DTR	O	UART Data-Terminal-Ready signal pin.	Pull high with 100Kohm
119	UART3_CTS	I	UART3 Clear-to-Send signal pin.	Pull high with 100Kohm
120	UART2_RI	I	UART2 Ring Indicator signal pin.	Pull high with 100Kohm
121	UART3_DTR	O	UART3 Data-Terminal-Ready signal pin.	Pull high with 100Kohm
122	UART3_RI	I	UART3 Ring Indicator signal pin.	Pull high with 100Kohm
123	UART1_DSR	I	UART1 Data-Set-Ready signal pin.	Pull high with 100Kohm
124	UART1_DCD	I	UART1 Data-Carrier-Detect signal pin.	Pull high with 100Kohm
125	UART1_CTS	I	UART1 Clear-to-Send signal pin.	Pull high with 100Kohm
126	UART1_RXD	I	UART1 Receive signal pin.	Pull high with 100Kohm
127	UART1_RTS	O	UART1 Request-to-Send signal pin.	Pull high with 100Kohm
128	UART1_TXD	O	UART1 Transmit signal pin.	Pull high with 100Kohm
129	UART1_DTR	O	UART1 Data-Terminal-Ready signal pin.	Pull high with 100Kohm
130	GND	P	Ground	-
131	UART1_RI	I	UART Ring Indicator signal pin.	Pull high with 100Kohm
132	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
133	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
134	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
135	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
136	GND	P	Ground	-
137	VDD_ENA	O	LCD power control signal. User can use this pin to control the LCD logic power MOS switch to achieve power-saving.	No pulling
138	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
139	VEE_ENA	O	STN LCD VEE power control signal. User can use this pin to	No pulling

			control STN LCD VEE power MOS switch to achieve power-saving.	
140	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
141	VBK_ENA	O	LCD back light inverter power control signal. User can use this pin to control the LCD backlight inverter to achieve power-saving.	No pulling
142	USB_N1	IO	USB host port1 D- data line.	No pulling
143	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
144	USB_P1	IO	USB host port1 D+ data line.	No pulling
145	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
146	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
147	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
148	UART5_RXD	I	UART5 Receive signal pin.	Pull high with 100Kohm
149	UART4_RXD	I	UART5 Receive signal pin.	Pull high with 100Kohm
150	UART5_RTS	O	UART5 Data-Terminal-Ready signal pin.	Pull high with 100Kohm
151	UART4_TXD	O	UART4 Transmit signal pin.	Pull high with 100Kohm
152	UART5_TXD	O	UART5 Transmit signal pin.	Pull high with 100Kohm
153	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
154	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
155	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
156	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
157	nVBRIR_INC	O	One of LCD inverter backlight brightness control signals. nVBRIR_INC is used to increase or decrease Wiper Control. Advantech suggests to connect the pin to DS1804 1 st pin.	No pulling
158	CRT_R	AO	The red CRT output.	No pulling
159	nVBRIR_UnD	O	One of LCD inverter backlight brightness control signals. nVBRIR_UnD is used be Up/Down Control. Advantech suggests to connect the pin to DS1804 2 nd pin.	No pulling
160	CRT_G	AO	The Green CRT output.	No pulling
161	VBRIR_CS	O	One of LCD inverter backlight brightness control signals. VBRIR_CS is used be chip select pin. Advantech suggests to connect the pin to DS1804 7 th pin.	No pulling
162	CRT_B	AO	The blue CRT output.	No pulling
163	nVCONR_INC	O	One of STN LCD contrast control signals. nVCONR_INC is used be increase/decrease Wiper Control	No pulling

			pin. Advantech suggests to connect the pin to DS1804 1 st pin.	
164	CRT_HSYNC	AO	Horizontal sync for the CRT.	No pulling
165	VCONR_CS	O	One of STN LCD contrast control signals. VCONR_CS is used be chip select pin. Advantech suggests to connect the pin to DS1804 7 th pin.	No pulling
166	CRT_VSYNC	AO	Vertical sync for the CRT.	No pulling
167	VCONR_UnD	O	One of STN LCD contrast control signals. VCONR_UnD is used be Up/Down Control. Advantech suggests to connect the pin to DS1804 2 nd pin.	No pulling
168	CRT_SDA	-	Reserved for future use. User can connect the pin to CRT I2C data pin or just float it.	Pull high with 4.71Kohm
169	CRT_CLK	-	Reserved for future use. User can connect the pin to CRT I2C clock pin or just float it.	Pull high with 4.71Kohm
170	B0	O	B0 in 24-bit TFT mode.	No pulling
171	B1	O	B in 24-bit TFT mode.	No pulling
172	B2	O	B in 24-bit TFT mode.	No pulling
173	B3	O	B in 24-bit TFT mode.	No pulling
174	B4	O	B in 24-bit TFT mode.	No pulling
175	B5	O	B in 24-bit TFT mode.	No pulling
176	B6	O	B in 24-bit TFT mode.	No pulling
177	B7	O	B in 24-bit TFT mode.	No pulling
178	G0	O	G in 24-bit TFT mode.	No pulling
179	G1	O	G in 24-bit TFT mode.	No pulling
180	G2	O	G in 24-bit TFT mode.	No pulling
181	G3	O	G in 24-bit TFT mode.	No pulling
182	G4	O	G in 24-bit TFT mode.	No pulling
183	G5	O	G in 24-bit TFT mode.	No pulling
184	G6	O	G in 24-bit TFT mode.	No pulling
185	G7	O	G in 24-bit TFT mode.	No pulling
186	R0	O	R in 24-bit TFT mode.	No pulling
187	R1	O	R in 24-bit TFT mode.	No pulling
188	R2	O	R in 24-bit TFT mode.	No pulling
189	R3	O	R in 24-bit TFT mode.	No pulling
190	R4	O	R in 24-bit TFT mode.	No pulling
191	R5	O	R in 24-bit TFT mode.	No pulling
192	R6	O	R in 24-bit TFT mode.	No pulling
193	R7	O	R in 24-bit TFT mode.	No pulling
194	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
195	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
196	FLM_VSYNC	O	Flat Panel TFT Vertical Sync/STN Frame Pulse. For TFT displays, this output connects to the Vertical	No pulling

			Sync input of the LCD panel. For STN displays, this output connects to the Frame Clock input of the LCD panel. This output indicates the start of a new frame of pixels. The panel needs to reset its line pointers to the top of the screen.	
197	LP_HSYNC	O	Flat Panel TFT Vertical Sync/STN Frame Pulse. For TFT displays, this output connects to the Vertical Sync input of the LCD panel. For STN displays, this output connects to the Frame Clock input of the LCD panel. This output indicates the start of a new frame of pixels. The panel needs to reset its line pointers to the top of the screen.	No pulling
198	GND	P	Ground	-
199	M_DE	O	Flat Panel Display Enable. This signal is used as a data enable when the pixel clock needs to latch pixel data.	No pulling
200	SHCLK	O	Flat Panel Pixel Clock. The active edge of FPCLK is programmable. The LCD panel uses this clock when loading pixel data into its Line Shift register. This signal connects to the TXCLK input of the LVDS transmitter.	No pulling

! 100-pin B2B connector Pin Out Table (X1 connector, For AMI interface)

Pin No.	Signals	Type	Description	Default state
B1	nBUF_CS2	O	Static chip selects. Chip selects to static memory devices such as ROM and Flash. Individually programmable in the memory configuration registers. This pin can be used with variable latency I/O devices. nBUF_CS2 directly connect to SoC PXA255 nCS2. User could use this pin as chip select pin to control the solution IC on carrier board. This pin is reserved for user to use.	Pull-high with 100K ohm

A1	ADDR15	O	SoC PXA255 system address 15	No pulling
B2	ADDR14	O	SoC PXA255 system address 14	No pulling
A2	ADDR13	O	SoC PXA255 system address 13	No pulling
B3	ADDR12	O	SoC PXA255 system address 12	No pulling
A3	ADDR11	O	SoC PXA255 system address 11	No pulling
B4	ADDR10	O	SoC PXA255 system address 10	No pulling
A4	ADDR9	O	SoC PXA255 system address 9	No pulling
B5	ADDR8	O	SoC PXA255 system address 8	No pulling
A5	ADDR24	O	SoC PXA255 system address 24	No pulling
B6	ADDR25	O	SoC PXA255 system address 25	No pulling
A6	nBUF_OE	O	Memory output enable pin. Connect to the output enables of memory devices to control data bus drivers.	No pulling
B7	ADDR20	O	SoC PXA255 system address 20	No pulling
A7	nBUF_WE	O	Memory write enable. Connect to the write enables of memory devices.	No pulling
B8	ADDR22	O	SoC PXA255 system address 22	No pulling
A8	BUF_RD_nWR	O	Read/Write for static interface. Signals that the current transaction is a read or write.	No pulling
B9	GND	P	Ground	-
A9	BUF_RDY	I	Variable Latency I/O Ready pin. Notifies the memory controller when an external bus device is ready to transfer data.	Pull high with 100Kohm
B10	DATA15	IO	SoC PXA255 system data 15	No pulling
A10	DATA14	IO	SoC PXA255 system data 14	No pulling
B11	DATA13	IO	SoC PXA255 system data 13	No pulling
A11	DATA12	IO	SoC PXA255 system data 12	No pulling
B12	DATA11	IO	SoC PXA255 system data 11	No pulling
A12	DATA10	IO	SoC PXA255 system data 10	No pulling
B13	DATA9	IO	SoC PXA255 system data 9	No pulling
A13	DATA8	IO	SoC PXA255 system data 8	No pulling
B14	DATA31	IO	SoC PXA255 system data 31	No pulling
A14	DATA30	IO	SoC PXA255 system data 30	No pulling
B15	DATA29	IO	SoC PXA255 system data 29	No pulling
A15	DATA28	IO	SoC PXA255 system data 28	No pulling
B16	DATA27	IO	SoC PXA255 system data 27	No pulling
A16	DATA26	IO	SoC PXA255 system data 26	No pulling
B17	DATA25	IO	SoC PXA255 system data 25	No pulling
A17	DATA24	IO	SoC PXA255 system data 24	No pulling
B18	nBUF_SDRAS	O	SDRAM RAS. Connect to the row address strobe (RAS) pins for all banks of SDRAM.	No pulling
A18	nBUF_SDCS0	O	SDRAM CS for bank 0. Connect to the chip select (CS) pin for SDRAM. For the PXA255 processor nBUF_SDCS0 can be Hi-Z.	No pulling

B19	BUF_DQM0	O	SDRAM DQM for data byte 0. Connect to the data output mask enables (DQM) for SDRAM.	No pulling
A19	BUF_DQM2	O	SDRAM DQM for data byte 2. Connect to the data output mask enables (DQM) for SDRAM.	No pulling
B20	BUF_DQM3	O	SDRAM DQM for data byte 3. Connect to the data output mask enables (DQM) for SDRAM.	No pulling
A20	nBUF_PWAIT	I	PCMCIA wait. (input) Driven low by the PCMCIA card to extend the length of the transfers to/from the PXA255 processor.	Pull high with 100Kohm
B21	BUF_SDCLK 1	O	SDRAM Clock 1. Connect SDCLK [1] to the clock pins of SDRAM in bank pairs 0/1. They are driven by either the internal memory controller clock, or the internal memory controller clock divided by 2. At reset, all clock pins are free running at the divide by 2 clock speed and may be turned off via free running control register bits in the memory controller. The memory controller also provides control register bits for clock division and deassertion of each SDCLK pin. SDCLK[2:1] control register assertion bits are always deasserted upon reset.	No pulling
A21	BUF_SDCKE 1	O	SDRAM and/or Synchronous Static Memory clock enable. Connect to the clock enable pins of SDRAM. It is deasserted during sleep. BUF_SDCKE1 is always deasserted upon reset. The memory controller provides control register bits for deassertion.	No pulling (For SOM-255F is BUF_SDC KE1)
B22	GND	P	Ground	-
A22	ADDR0	O	SoC PXA255 system address 0	No pulling
B23	ADDR1	O	SoC PXA255 system address 1	No pulling
A23	ADDR2	O	SoC PXA255 system address 2	No pulling
B24	ADDR3	O	SoC PXA255 system address 3	No pulling
A24	ADDR4	O	SoC PXA255 system address 4	No pulling
B25	ADDR5	O	SoC PXA255 system address 5	No pulling
A25	ADDR6	O	SoC PXA255 system address 6	No pulling
B26	ADDR7	O	SoC PXA255 system address 7	No pulling
A26	ADDR16	O	SoC PXA255 system address 16	No pulling
B27	ADDR17	O	SoC PXA255 system address 17	No pulling
A27	ADDR18	O	SoC PXA255 system address 18	No pulling

B28	ADDR19	O	SoC PXA255 system address 19	No pulling
A28	ADDR21	O	SoC PXA255 system address 21	No pulling
B29	ADDR23	O	SoC PXA255 system address 23	No pulling
A29	DATA0	IO	SoC PXA255 system data 0	No pulling
B30	DATA1	IO	SoC PXA255 system data 1	No pulling
A30	DATA2	IO	SoC PXA255 system data 2	No pulling
B31	DATA3	IO	SoC PXA255 system data 3	No pulling
A31	DATA4	IO	SoC PXA255 system data 4	No pulling
B32	DATA5	IO	SoC PXA255 system data 5	No pulling
A32	DATA6	IO	SoC PXA255 system data 6	No pulling
B33	DATA7	IO	SoC PXA255 system data 7	No pulling
A33	DATA16	IO	SoC PXA255 system data 16	No pulling
B34	DATA17	IO	SoC PXA255 system data 17	No pulling
A34	DATA18	IO	SoC PXA255 system data 18	No pulling
B35	DATA19	IO	SoC PXA255 system data 19	No pulling
A35	DATA20	IO	SoC PXA255 system data 20	No pulling
B36	DATA21	IO	SoC PXA255 system data 21	No pulling
A36	DATA22	IO	SoC PXA255 system data 22	No pulling
B37	DATA23	IO	SoC PXA255 system data 23	No pulling
A37	nBUF_SDCA S	O	SDRAM CAS. Connect to the column address strobe (CAS) pins for all banks of SDRAM.	No pulling
B38	nBUF_SDCA S	O	SDRAM CS for banks 2. Connect to the chip select (CS) pins for SDRAM. For the PXA255 processor nSDCA0 can be Hi-Z, Nsdcs1-3 cannot.	No pulling
A38	BUF_DQM1	O	SDRAM DQM for data bytes 1. Connect to the data output mask enables (DQM) for SDRAM.	No pulling
B39	BUF_SDCLK 2	O	SDRAM Clock 2. Connect BUF_SDCLK[2] to the clock pins of SDRAM in bank pairs 2/3. They are driven by either the internal memory controller clock, or the internal memory controller clock divided by 2. At reset, all clock pins are free running at the divide by 2 clock speed and may be turned off via free running control register bits in the memory controller. The memory controller also provides control register bits for clock division and deassertion of each SDCLK pin. SDCLK[2:1] control register assertion bits are always deasserted upon reset.	No pulling
A39	nBUF_IOIS16	I	IO Select 16. Acknowledge from the PCMCIA card that the current address is a valid 16 bit wide I/O	Pull high with 100Kohm

			address.	
B40	nBUF_PWE	O	PCMCIA write enable. Performs writes to PCMCIA memory and to PCMCIA attribute space. Also used as the write enable signal for Variable Latency I/O.	No pulling
A40	KEYPAD_IRQ	I	GPIO pin. Advantech default function is used as matrix Keypad IRQ. The pin directly connects to PXA255 GPIO2 (L13 pin). If user doesn't use the matrix key pad function, user can use this pin as GPIO pin.	No pulling
B41	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
A41	PXA_GP7	IO	GPIO pin. The pin directly connects to PXA255 GPIO7 (G15 pin). This GPIO pin is available for user to use.	No pulling (For SOM-255F is PXA_GPIO7)
B42	EVA_IRQ	-	Advantech use this pin to control companion chip as IRQ function. The pin is not available for CSB design of SOM-A2558 & SOM-A255F platform. SOM-A2558 & SOM-A255F user must float this pin. This pin is directly connected to SoC PXA255 GPIO9(F12).	-
A42	C950_485_IRQ	I	Advantech default function is used as external 16C950 solution IC IRQ. The pin directly connects to PXA255 GPIO10 (F7 pin). If user doesn't design 16C950 on CSB to expand COM function, user could use this pin as GPIO.	No pulling
B43	LAN1_IRQ	I	Advantech default function is used as external LAN solution IC IRQ. The pin directly connects to PXA255 GPIO17 (D12 pin). If user doesn't design the other LAN chip on CSB to expand LAN function, user could use this pin as GPIO.	No pulling
A43	USB_IRQ	I	Advantech default function is used as external USB host solution IC IRQ. The pin directly connects to PXA255 GPIO27 (B9 pin). If user doesn't design the other USB solution chip on CSB to expand USB host function, user could use this pin as GPIO.	No pulling

B44	C954_IRQ	I	Advantech default function is used as external 16C954 solution IC IRQ. The pin directly connects to PXA255 GPIO32 (A16 pin). If user doesn't design 16C950 on CSB to expand COM function, user could use this pin as GPIO.	No pulling
A44	PXA_GP81	IO	GPIO pin. The pin directly connects to PXA255 GPIO81 (F16 pin). This GPIO pin is available for user to use.	No pulling
B45	PXA_GP82	IO	GPIO pin. The pin directly connects to PXA255 GPIO82 (E16 pin). This GPIO pin is available for user to use.	No pulling
A45	PXA_GP83	IO	GPIO pin. The pin directly connects to PXA255 GPIO83 (E15 pin). This GPIO pin is available for user to use.	No pulling
B46	PXA_GP84	IO	GPIO pin. The pin directly connects to PXA255 GPIO84 (D16 pin). This GPIO pin is available for user to use.	No pulling
A46	nBUF_CS1	O	Static chip selects. Chip selects to static memory devices such as ROM and Flash. Individually programmable in the memory configuration registers. nBUF_CS1 can be used with variable latency I/O devices. Advantech default uses this pin as storage flash chip select pin. If no special application, Advantech strongly suggest user to open this pin in CSB.	Pull high with 100Kohm
B47	nBUF_CS4	O	Static chip selects. Chip selects to static memory devices such as ROM and Flash. Individually programmable in the memory configuration registers. nBUF_CS4 can be used with variable latency I/O devices. Advantech default use this pin as companion chip chip select pin. nBUF_CS4 pin is used for EVA-C210 on SOM-A255F & SOM-A2552 series. If no special application, Advantech strongly suggest user to open this pin in CSB.	Pull high with 100Kohm
A47	nBUF_CS3	O	Static chip selects. Chip selects to static memory devices such as ROM and Flash. Individually programmable in the memory configuration registers. nBUF_CS3 can be used with variable latency I/O devices. Advantech uses the pin as I/O	Pull high with 100Kohm

			memory block. About detail description, please reference "SOM-A255x series Memory and Interrupt Map".	
B48	nBUF_CS5	O	Static chip selects. Chip selects to static memory devices such as ROM and Flash. Individually programmable in the memory configuration registers. nBUF_CS5 can be used with variable latency I/O devices. Advantech default uses the pin as display chip chip select pin. nBUF_CS4 pin is used for SM501 on SOM-A2552 & SOM-A255F series. If no special application, Advantech strongly suggest user to open this pin in CSB.	Pull high with 100Kohm
A48	DMA_REQ1	I	Channel 1 DMA Request. Notifies the DMA Controller that an external device requires a DMA transaction. If user wants to design a controller in CSB with DMA mode, please check with ae.risc@advantech.com.tw first. If use doesn't want to use this pin as DMA_REQ, use could use the pin as GPIO. The pin connects to SoC PXA255 GPIO19.	Pull low with 1Kohm
B49	MBREQ	I	Memory Controller alternate bus master request. Allows an external device to request the system bus from the Memory Controller. If user wants to design a controller in CSB with this pin function, please check with ae.risc@advantech.com.tw first. If use doesn't want to use this pin as DMA_REQ, use could use the pin as GPIO. The pin connects to SoC PXA255 GPIO14.	Pull low with 1Kohm
A49	DMA_ACK1	O	Channel 1 DMA acknowledge. Notifies an external device that it has been acknowledged the DMA controller. If user wants to design a controller in CSB with DMA mode, please check with ae.risc@advantech.com.tw first. If use doesn't want to use this pin as DMA_ACK, use could use the pin as GPIO. The pin connects to SoC PXA255 GPIO22.	No pulling

B50	MBGNT	O	Memory Controller grant. Notifies an external device that it has been granted the system bus. If user wants to design a controller in CSB with this pin function, please check with ae.risc@advantech.com.tw first. If use doesn't want to use this pin as MBGNT, use could use the pin as GPIO. The pin connects to SoC PXA255 GPIO13.	Pull low with 1Kohm
A50	3M6864	O	3.6864 MHz clock. Output from 3.6864 MHz oscillator.	No pulling

! 100-pin B2B connector Pin Out Table (X3 connector for PCI, ZV port, MMC interface and Misc. function)

Pin No.	Signals	Type	Model	Default state
B1	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
A1	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
B2	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
A2	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
B3	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
A3	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
B4	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
A4	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
B5	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
A5	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
B6	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
A6	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
B7	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
A7	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
B8	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
A8	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
B9	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
A9	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
B10	GND	P	Ground	-
A10	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
B11	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
A11	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
B12	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
A12	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
B13	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
A13	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
B14	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
A14	GND	P	Ground	-
B15	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-

A15	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
B16	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
A16	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
B17	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
A17	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
B18	GND	P	Ground	-
A18	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
B19	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
A19	GND	P	Ground	-
B20	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
A20	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
B21	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
A21	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
B22	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
A22	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
B23	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
A23	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
B24	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
A24	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
B25	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
A25	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
B26	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
A26	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
B27	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
A27	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
B28	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
A28	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
B29	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
A29	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
B30	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
A30	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
B31	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
A31	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
B32	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
A32	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
B33	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
A33	N.C.	-	N.C. just float this pin.	-
B34	N.C.	-	N.C. float this pin.	-
A34	N.C.	-	N.C. float this pin.	-
B35	nMMCD	I	SD/MMC interface card detect pin. If user doesn't need MMC/SD function, user could use this pin as GPIO. The pin connects to SoC PXA255 GPIO12.	Pull high with 100Kohm
A35	MMCLK	O	MMC clock. Clock signal for the MMC Controller. If user doesn't need MMC/SD function, user could use this pin as GPIO. The pin connects to SoC PXA255 GPIO6.	No pulling

B36	MMDAT3/ MMCCS0	O	Chip select pin for MMC controller. If user doesn't need MMC/SD function, user could use this pin as GPIO. The pin connects to SoC PXA255 GPIO8.	No pulling (For SOM-255F is MMCCS0)
A36	MMCMD	IO	Multimedia Card Command.	Pull high with 10Kohm
B37	MMDAT0	IO	Multimedia Card Data pin.	Pull high with 10Kohm (For SOM-255F is MMCDAT)
A37	N.C.	-	N.C. float this pin.	-
B38	N.C.	-	N.C. float this pin.	-
A38	N.C.	-	N.C. float this pin.	-
B39	N.C.	-	N.C. float this pin.	-
A39	N.C.	-	N.C. float this pin.	-
B40	ZV15	I	16-bit R[4] video pixel input for RGB 5:6:5 mode or Y[7] video pixel input for YUV 4:2:2 mode.	No pulling
A40	ZV14	I	16-bit R[3] video pixel input for RGB 5:6:5 mode or Y[6] video pixel input for YUV 4:2:2 mode.	No pulling
B41	ZV13	I	16-bit R[2] video pixel input for RGB 5:6:5 mode or Y[5] video pixel input for YUV 4:2:2 mode.	No pulling
A41	ZV12	I	16-bit R[1] video pixel input for RGB 5:6:5 mode or Y[4] video pixel input for YUV 4:2:2 mode.	No pulling
B42	ZV11	I	16-bit R[0] video pixel input for RGB 5:6:5 mode or Y[3] video pixel input for YUV 4:2:2 mode.	No pulling
A42	ZV10	I	16-bit G[5] video pixel input for RGB 5:6:5 mode or Y[2] video pixel input for YUV 4:2:2 mode.	No pulling
B43	ZV9	I	16-bit G[4] video pixel input for RGB 5:6:5 mode or Y[1] video pixel input for YUV 4:2:2 mode.	No pulling
A43	ZV8	I	16-bit G[3] video pixel input for RGB 5:6:5 mode or Y[0] video pixel input for YUV 4:2:2 mode.	No pulling
B44	ZV7	I	16-bit G[2] video pixel input for RGB 5:6:5 mode, U[7] video pixel input for YUV 4:2:2 mode, or V[7] video pixel input for YUV 4:2:2	No pulling

			mode.	
A44	ZV6	I	16-bit G[1] video pixel input for RGB 5:6:5 mode, U[6] video pixel input for YUV 4:2:2 mode, or V[6] video pixel input for YUV 4:2:2 mode.	No pulling
B45	ZV5	I	16-bit G[0] video pixel input for RGB 5:6:5 mode, U[5] video pixel input for YUV 4:2:2 mode, or V[5] video pixel input for YUV 4:2:2 mode.	No pulling
A45	ZV4	I	16-bit B[4] video pixel input for RGB 5:6:5 mode, U[4] video pixel input for YUV 4:2:2 mode, or V[4] video pixel input for YUV 4:2:2 mode.	No pulling
B46	ZV3	I	16-bit B[3] video pixel input for RGB 5:6:5 mode, U[3] video pixel input for YUV 4:2:2 mode, or V[3] video pixel input for YUV 4:2:2 mode.	No pulling
A46	ZV2	I	16-bit B[2] video pixel input for RGB 5:6:5 mode, U[2] video pixel input for YUV 4:2:2 mode, or V[2] video pixel input for YUV 4:2:2 mode.	No pulling
B47	ZV1	I	16-bit B[1] video pixel input for RGB 5:6:5 mode, U[1] video pixel input for YUV 4:2:2 mode, or V[1] video pixel input for YUV 4:2:2 mode.	No pulling
A47	ZV0	I	16-bit B[0] video pixel input for RGB 5:6:5 mode, U[0] video pixel input for YUV 4:2:2 mode, or V[0] video pixel input for YUV 4:2:2 mode.	No pulling
B48	SDAZV	IO	TV-in control serial data input/output (I2C-bus).	Pull high with 4.71Kohm
A48	SCLZV	O	TV-in control serial clock output (I2C-bus)	Pull high with 4.71Kohm
B49	VPHREF	I	Horizontal Sync. A falling or rising edge on this input indicates the end of the current scan line and the beginning of the next.	No pulling
A49	GND	P	Ground	-
B50	VPVSYNC	I	Vertical Sync. A rising or falling edge on this input indicates the end of the current capture field and the beginning	No pulling

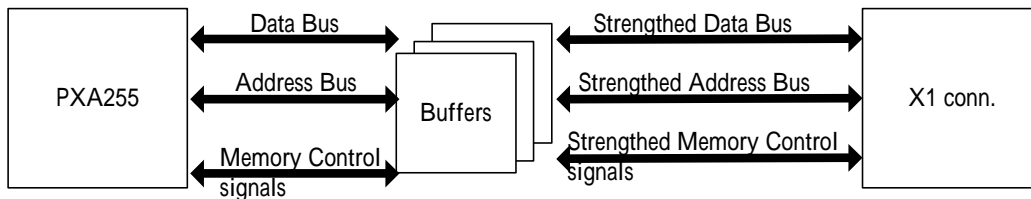
			of the next one. The state of VPHSYNC determines whether the current capture field is ODD (VPHREF is High on the active edge of VPVSYNC) or EVEN (VPHREF is Low on the active edge of VPVSYNC).	
A50	VPCLK	I	Pixel Clock. VPCLK is the reference clock for data on the ZV[31:0] video pixel bus.	No pulling

2.2 function description

2.2.1 System Bus

System Bus includes PXA255 address bus, data bus, memory control signals and GPIOs.

System Bus enters CSB by X1. In order to make sure that system bus signals have perfect electrical waves, System Bus signals are driven by buffers to enhance signals performance.



The buffers signals direction control is control by CPLD on SOM-A255x module.

2.2.2 COM

SOM-A255x series (SOM-A2552, SOM-A2558, SOM-A255F) all support 5 x RS-232 ports: 3 full function (FF) RS-232 ports, 1x 2-wire (RX, TX) RS-232 and 1x 3-wire (RX, TX, RTS) RS-232 port. COM port function assignments are as following:

- COM1: FF RS-232
- COM2: FF RS-232
- COM3: FF RS-232
- COM4: 2-wire (RX, TX) RS-232
- COM5: 3-wire (RX, TX, RTS) RS-232

All RS-232 ports are TTL levels.

According to user target CSB demand, user could define COM5 as 3-wire (RX, TX, RTS) RS-232 port or pass through RS-485 transceiver to act as RS-485 function. User could references "*Advantech SOM-A255x series CSB design guide*" to design the COM5.

2.2.3 USB 1.1 Host

SOM-A255F & SOM-A2558 series supports 2 USB host ports. SOM-A2552 series supports 1 USB host port. The USB host ports on the SOM-A255x are USB 1.1 compatible. The default Windows CE.NET and Linux on board support USB keyboards, mice and mass storage devices. User could check the "SOM-A255x series verified compatible peripherals list" to know the verified compatible peripherals. If user wants to connect other devices, it may take customization on the Windows CE.

2.2.4 USB 1.1 client

The USB client port on the SOM-A255x is USB 1.1 compatible. USB client connector is used to communicate with master device (ex: PC) for ActiveSync. About SOM-A255x series ActiveSync installation, please reference to "*Installation Guide-Advantech RISC platform with Microsoft ActiveSync 3.7*".

2.2.5 T/S

SOM-A255x series supports 4-wires (X+, X-, Y+, Y-) resistive T/S interface.

2.2.6 PCMCIA/CF

All SOM-A255x series supports 2 PCMCIA interface (I/F) or 2 CF I/F or 1 PCMCIA & 1 CF I/F. User could check "SOM-A255x Series Carrier Board Design Guide" to know how to design the I/F.

PCMCIA/CF I/F power control circuit is designed on SOM module, so PCMCIA/CF I/F is hot-swappable.

Advantech strongly suggest user to design one CF or one PCMCIA slot on user's target carrier board, even user doesn't need this port in target product. Advantech platform always use CF or PCMCIA slot to be system S/W upgrading port. If user doesn't design 1 CF or PCMCIA slot on carrier board, user will run into trouble when user wants to upgrade image, boot loader & boot-logo.

2.2.7 SD/MMC

All SOM-A255x series supports 1 slot SD/MMC port. The Multi Media Card (MMC) is a low cost data storage and communication media. The MMC controller in the SOM-A255x is compliant with *The Multi Media Card System Specification, Version 2.1*. The only exception is one and three byte data transfers are not supported.

SD/MMC I/F in SOM-A255x only support 1-bit memory mode, not support I/O mode.

2.2.8 Audio (AC'97 Codec on board)

All SOM-A255x uses Realtek ALC202 AC97 audio Codec on SOM module. SOM-A255x series provides mono microphone-in, stereo line-in, and

stereo line-out interface. If users want to drive speakers, users could follow the "Advantech SOM-A255x series CSB design guide" to design the audio amplifier on CSB.

2.2.9 CRT-out

SOM-A255F & SOM-A2552 series supplies CRT-out I/F which resolution is up to 1024*768. CRT-out function comes from SM501. CRT-out signals are all analog signals; user must follow the analog signals layout rules.

SOM-A2558 series doesn't support CRT-out function, but user could design CRT-out solution IC on CSB to add the function on SOM-A2558 platform. About detail implement way, please check "Advantech SOM-A255x series CSB design guide".

2.2.10 LCD TTL interface w/LCD Brightness & Contrast Control interface

SOM-A2552 & SOM-A255F series LCD-out interface comes from SM501. SOM-A2552 & SOM-A255F LCD-out supports 24 bit and resolution up to 1024*768. SOM-A2552 & SOM-A255F supports both active and passive LCD displays. SOM-A2558 series LCD-out function comes from SoC PXA255. SOM-A2558 LCD-out supports 16 bit and resolution up to 800*600.

The LCD signals are 3.3V level in X2. If users' CSB want to drive 5V level panel, users could design buffers on CSB to translate LCD signals level. User could refer "Advantech SOM-A255x series CSB design guide".

Advantech design LCD brightness control circuit & LCD contrast control circuit on SOM-A255x series modules. STN LCD panel needs contrast control signals. In X2, LCD contrast control signals are nVCONR_INC, VCONR_CS and VCONR_UnD. The control signals are based on DALLAS DS1804 NV Trimmer Potentiometer to design. Users could check the "Advantech SOM-A255x series CSB design guide" to know how to wire. User could check "to know how to control".

Brightness control signals are used to control the LCD backlight inverter lamp current. In X2, LCD brightness control signals are nVBRIR_INC, VBRIR_CS and nVBRIR_UnD. The control signals are based on DALLAS DS1804 NV Trimmer Potentiometer to design. Users could check the "Advantech SOM-A255x series CSB design guide" to know how to wire. User could check appendix about SOM-A255F memory map to know how to control.

If user wants to connect CSB to LVDS type LCD, user could reference "Advantech SOM-A255x series CSB design guide" to design LVDS Transmitter on CSB. SOM-A255x series only support 1 channel LVDS LCD panel.

The sample images of SOM-A2552, SOM-A255F series could support 4 kinds of display modes:

- **320x240 TFT:** In SOM-A2552 & SOM-A255F module, user CAN'T verify the performance by Advantech LCD kit LCD-A057-STQ1-0. Because SOM-A2552 & SOM-A255F supports 320x240 TFT mode, but LCD-A057-STQ1-0 is 320x240 STN panel.
- **640x480 TFT:** user could verify the performance by Advantech LCD kit LCD-A064-TTV1-0.

- **800x600 TFT:** user could verify the performance by Advantech LCD kit LCD-A104-TTS1-0.
- **1024x768 TFT:** user could verify the performance by Advantech LCD kit LCD-A150-TTX2-0.

Except 320x240 TFT mode, user could verify the LCD-out function by Advantech LCD kit. Advantech LCD kit LCD-A057-STQ1-0 is 320x240 STN type LCD, not TFT type, so user couldn't verify the 320x240 TFT function by sample images.

The sample images of SOM-A2558 series could support 4 kinds of display modes:

- **320x240 STN:** User can use Advantech LCD kit LCD-A057-STQ1-0 to evaluate the LCD-out performance of SOM-A2558 platform.
- **640x480 TFT:** User can use Advantech LCD kit LCD-A064-TTV1-0 to evaluate the LCD-out performance of SOM-A2558 platform.

2.2.11 Zoom Video (ZV) port

SOM-A255F & SOM-A2552 series ZV port comes from SM501. SOM-A2558 series don't support the function. ZV Port can interface with video decoders, such as NTSC/PAL decoders, MPEG-2 decoders, and JPEG Codec. The ZV Port supports resolutions up to 1280x1024. It directly accepts digitized RGB or YUV signals, and does not accept analog signals.

In 16-bit mode, the ZV [15:8] signals are the most-significant eight video pixel inputs. In 8-bit mode, these signals are not used. In 16-bit mode, the ZV [7:0] signals are the least-significant eight video pixel inputs. In 8-bit mode, these signals are the only eight video pixel inputs.

About how to wire the ZV port with NTSC/PAL decoders, please check "*Advantech SOM-A255x series CSB design guide*".

2.2.12 System Reset Interface

SOM-A255x series all supply 3 kinds of System reset interface as following:

- nRESET : hardware reset input pin. The pin is pulled high in SOM-A255F. The pin is triggered by signal falling edge.
- nSW_RESET : software rest input pin. The pin is pulled high in SOM-A255F. The pin is triggered by signal falling edge.
- nSA_PWR_ON : Suspend/wake-up pin. The pin is pulled high in SOM-A255F. The pin is triggered by signal falling edge.

2.2.13 Buzzer Control Interface

SOM-A255x series all support this function. Buzzer-out control signal is designed to control the buzzer on/off status.

If users want to design buzzer on CSB to be reminding or alarm system, user could reference "*Advantech SOM-A255x series CSB design guide*".

If users want to control the buzzer, users can check the memory map to do it.

2.2.14 System Management Bus (SM Bus) interface

SOM-A255x series SM Bus is implemented by PXA255 I2C bus. If users' CSB is powered by battery pack with SM bus battery gauge IC, then users could connect the SOM-A255x SM Bus to battery pack to monitor battery status. SOM-A255x series SM bus directly support TI BQ2040 gas gauge IC.

2.2.15 Power-input

SOM-A255x needs 3.3V & 5V DC power inputs. The power sources (3.3V, 5V) must always be supplied even in system sleep mode. SOM-A255x power management is completely implemented on itself; users' CSB doesn't need to control the power supply to SOM-A255x.

2.2.16 Back-up power input

If user want to keep the real time clock(RTC) works well in power off mode, user should connect the coin battery positive pin to BAT-VCC in X2 directly .The back-up power pin (BAT_VCC) is the only power source to supply RTC power when SOM-A255x system power (3.3V, 5V) is off.

The coin battery must be 3.0V Li-ion coin type.

The coin battery charging circuit is designed on SOM-A255x, so user shouldn't and needn't design the charging circuit on CSB.

If users don't need RTC function in CSB, just let the BAT_VCC pin open.

2.2.17 PCI I/F (Thru X3)

SOM-A2558 & SOM-A255F could support 4 channels PCI device controllers on CSB. The PCI clock is 33 MHz. PCI I/F comes from Advantech EVA-C210 I/O enhancement chip. The PCI I/F feature is as followings:

- Compatible with PCI specification version 2.2
- 32-bit data bus interface
- Built-in PCI bus arbiter
- Supports up to 3 individual external bus master devices
- Support PCI Bus Controller (FPCI) to PCI slave I/O read/write, memory read/write, configuration read/write cycle
- PCI Bus master support all disconnect types (Master-Abort, Target-Abort, Target-Retry, Disconnect with data, Disconnect without data)

SOM-A2552 series don't support PCI I/F.

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